TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2013 AND FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013 With Supplemental Information Schedules

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT		1-2
SECTION I - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION		
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3-5
SECTION II - GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	x = 1	
Statement of Net Position	Α	6
Statement of Activities	В	7
SECTION III - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	С	8
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	D	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	E	10
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	11
Proprietary Funds:		
Statement of Net Position	G	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	Н	13
Statement of Cash Flows	I	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		15-22
SECTION IV - ADDITIONAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	1	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund		23
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Public Works Fund		24
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information		25

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2013 With Supplemental Information Schedules

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Statement	Page
SECTION V - OTHER REPORTS		
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> ————————————————————————————————————		26-27
SECTION VI - SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS		
Schedule of Findings		28
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		29-31
Schedule of Current Year Findings, Recommendations, and Corrective Action Plan		32-34



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Rydell Turner, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Clayton, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 5 and pages 23 through 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Silas Simmons, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, Members of the Board of Aldermen, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Natchez, Mississippi

May 5, 2014

#### SECTION I REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

As management of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana, we offer readers of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information provided here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements included in this report provide insight into the financial status for the year. Based upon the operations of 2013 and 2012, the Town's net position increased in 2013, which resulted in ending net position of \$3,534,102, and decrease in 2012, which resulted in ending net position of \$3,480,183 at June 30, 2012.

- 1. The beginning cash balance at June 30, 2011, was \$332,191. The ending cash balance was \$266,602 at June 30, 2012, and \$196,395 at June 30, 2013.
- 2. The governmental activities had \$396,903 in revenues in 2013, and \$282,277 in 2012. The revenues consisted primarily of grants, sales taxes, property taxes, occupational licenses, franchise taxes, and fines. There were expenditures of \$238,031 in 2013, and \$276,288 in 2012.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Clayton's financial statements. The Town's financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the Town that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 6 - 7 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 - 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 to 22 of this report.

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following is a condensed statement of the Town's net position:

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type		То	tal		
		Activities		Activities		2013		2012	
Current assets	\$	226,525	\$	62,349	\$	288,874	\$	299,118	
Noncurrent assets		1,021,009		2,320,774		3,341,783		3,279,968	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,247,534	\$	2,383,123	\$	3,630,657	\$	3,579,086	
Current liabilities	\$	26,688	\$	31,742	\$	58,430	\$	63,151	
Noncurrent liabilities		<u>-</u>		38,125		38,125		35,752	
Total liabilities	\$	26,688	\$	69,867	\$	96,555	\$	98,903	
Net position Investment in capital assets,									
net of related debt	\$	1,021,009	\$	2,320,774	\$	3,341,783	\$	3,279,968	
Restricted		199,348		38,125		237,473		245,967	
Unrestricted (deficit)		489		(45,643)		(45,154)		(45,752)	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	1,220,846	\$	2,313,256	\$	3,534,102	\$	3,480,183	

The following is a summary of the statement of activities:

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type		Total			
		Activities		Activities		2013		2012	
Revenues									
Program revenues	\$	249,682	\$	265,708	\$	515,390	\$	356,817	
General revenues		147,221		208		147,429		139,386	
Transfers		48,161		(48,161)		<u>-</u>		_	
Total revenues and									
transfers	\$	445,064	<u>\$</u>	217,755	\$	662,819	\$	496,203	
Expenses									
General and administrative	\$	74,636	\$	-	\$	74,636	\$	68,391	
Public safety - police		20,799		-		20,799		20,455	
Public safety - fire		11,079		-		11,079		10,728	
Street and sanitation		131,517		-		131,517		176,714	
Utility operations				370,869		370,869		360,274	
Total expenses	<u>\$</u>	238,031	\$	370,869	<u>\$</u>	608,900	\$	636,562	
Increase (decrease) in net positio	n \$	207,033	\$	(153,114)	\$	53,919	\$	(140,359)	
Net position, beginning of year		1,013,813		2,466,370		3,480,183		3,620,542	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,220,846	<u>\$</u>	2,313,256	<u>\$</u>	3,534,102	\$	3,480,183	

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### Comments on General Fund Comparisons

The Town's budget was amended once during the year. The general fund budgeted expenditures were \$89,936 and revenues were budgeted at \$92,445. Actual expenditures were \$151,214 and actual revenues were \$101,920.

The Public Works Fund (Road Tax Fund) had budgeted expenditures of \$153,500 and budgeted revenues of \$60,650. Actual expenditures were \$82,245 and actual revenues were \$68,414.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2013, the Town had \$1,021,009 invested in net capital assets in the general fund and \$2,320,774 in the proprietary fund. This year, there were \$50,089 in additions in the public works fund and \$225,991 in the capital projects fund. The following capital assets were purchased in 2013:

Public works fund:	
Street overlay	\$ 50,089
Capital projects fund:	
Drainage improvements	 225,991
Total	\$ 276,080

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or request for additional information may be directed to Sadie Jones, Town Clerk, 101 Shady Lane, Clayton, LA 71326, (318) 757-8540.

### SECTION II GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

A COPTEG			ernmental ctivities		siness-Type Activities	Total			
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	9	5	22,721	\$	4,958	\$	27,679		
Receivables, net			-		25,658		25,658		
Accrued interest receivable			-		33		33		
Due from other governments			29,078		·		29,078		
Restricted assets:									
Cash			168,716		31,700		200,416		
Receivables - sales tax			6,010		=		6,010		
Capital assets - net			1,021,009	1	2,320,774	-	3,341,783		
Total assets	9	5	1,247,534	\$	2,383,123	\$	3,630,657		
LIABILITIES							The same		
Accounts and other payables	9	5	26,688	\$	31,742	\$	58,430		
Meter deposits				5 <del>0.</del>	38,125		38,125		
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5	26,688	\$	69,867	\$	96,555		
NET POSITION									
Invested in capital assets	9	5	1,021,009	\$	2,320,774	\$	3,341,783		
Restricted for:	POT			icida:	AND STREET STREET STREET	65/1	1000000175.55000000000000000000000000000		
Roads			199,348		1000		199,348		
Customer deposits					38,125		38,125		
Unrestricted (deficit)	-		489	Y	(45,643)	-	(45,154)		
Total net position	9	5	1,220,846	\$	2,313,256	\$	3,534,102		

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

				Program	Revenu	es	Net (Expenses), Revenues, and Changes					
Activities	E	xpenses		Charges Services		rants and ntributions		vernmental activities	<i>J</i> 1		Total	
Governmental activities	œ	74.727	dt.		æ	225 075	ıt.	151 220	¢.		æ	151 000
General government Public safety:	\$	74,636	\$	_	\$	225,975	\$	151,339	\$	-	\$	151,339
Police		20,799		19,986		_		(813)		_		(813)
Fire		11,079		3,721		_		(7,358)				(7,358)
Street and sanitation		131,517		-		_		(131,517)		_		(131,517)
Total governmental activities	\$	238,031	\$	23,707	\$	225,975	S	11,651				11,651
Business-type activities												
Water and sewer	\$	370,869	\$	265,708	<u>\$</u>	<del>-</del>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	(105,161)	<u>\$</u>	(105,161)
Total	\$	608,900	\$	289,415	\$	225,975	\$	11,651	\$	(105,161)	\$	(93,510)
General Rev	enues:											
Taxes												
Property t							\$	6,307	\$	-	\$	6,307
Sales taxes								122,157		-		122,157
Beer taxes								1,867		-		1,867
Franchise								11,270		-		11,270
Occupation		•						4,680		200		4,680
lnterest inc Miscellane								3 937		208		211 937
Miscellane Transfers	ous							48,161		- (48,161)		937
	canaral ray	enues and tra	nefore				<u> </u>	195,382	<u> </u>	(47,953)	<del></del>	147,429
Total g	enerar iev	enues anu na	1131613				.)	190,002	<u>J</u>	(47,900)	7	14/,46.7
Chang	es in net p	osition					\$	207,033	\$	(153,114)	\$	53,919
Net position								1,013,813		2,466,370		3,480,183
Net position	i, June 30, 1	2013					<u>\$</u>	1,220,846	\$	2,313,256	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,534,102</u>

#### SECTION III FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

			M	lajor Funds				
	General Fund			Public Works Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Cash - restricted	\$	22,532	\$	- 168,716	\$	189	\$	22,721 168,716
Receivables:	ε	-		100,710		-		100,710
Sales tax - restricted		200 h 1 200 h 1		6,010		•		6,010
Due from/to other funds		<u>==(</u> )(		24,433		(24,433)		**************************************
Due from other governmental units		4,645		<u> </u>	-	24,433		29,078
Total assets	\$	27,177	\$	199,159	\$	189	\$	226,525
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	\$	26,688	\$		\$		\$	26,688
Fund balances:								
Restricted for roads and capital projects	\$	= N	\$	199,159	\$	189	\$	199,348
Unassigned	-	489	-		_		-	489
Total fund balance	\$	489	\$	199,159	\$	189	\$	199,837
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	27,177	\$	199,159	\$	189	\$	226,525

#### STATEMENT D

# TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Fund balances, total governmental funds (Statement C)		\$	199,837
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:			
Land, buildings, and equipment \$	1,410,455		
Less accumulated depreciation	(389,446)	-	1,021,009
Net position of governmental activities (Statement A)		\$	1.220,846

# TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	-		N	Iajor Funds				
				Public		Capital		Total
		General		Works		Projects	Go	vernmental
		Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund		Funds
REVENUES	100 M		2040	Wanted Teachers (87)	1000		PAGE	PRO INVIOL CONSUME
Taxes	\$	72,837	\$	68,764	\$	<u></u>	\$	141,601
Licenses and permits		4,680		-		102		4,680
Intergovernmental								
Federal grant		-		=		225,975		225,975
Fines and forfeits		19,986		-		-		19,986
Interest income		3		-		-		3
Other		4,658			4	-	<u></u>	4,658
Total revenues	\$	102,164	\$	68,764	<u>\$</u>	225,975	\$	396,903
EXPENDITURES								
General government	\$	50,194	\$	_	\$	-	\$	50,194
Public safety:								
Police		20,799		-		4		20,799
Fire		826		-		-	*	826
Street and sanitation		69,375		32,156				101,531
Capital outlays				50,089	13	225,991		276,080
Total expenditures	\$	141,194	\$	82,245	\$	225,991	\$	449,430
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	20		25		20		123	68
over expenditures	\$	(39,030)	\$	(13,481)	\$	(16)	\$	(52,527)
Other Generalia and a second		4 9						
Other financing sources:		(164.470)		212,640				48,161
Transfers-in (out)		(164,479)	-	212,040			-	40,101
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(203,509)	\$	199,159	\$	(16)	\$	(4,366)
Fund balances, beginning of year		203,998				205		204,203
Fund balances, end of year	\$	489	\$	199,159	\$	189	\$	199,837

# TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds, (Statement E)	\$	(4,366)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances		276,080
Depreciation expense for the year	-	(64,681)
Change in net position of governmental activities, (Statement B)	\$	207,033

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	4,958
Accounts receivable, net of allowance			25,658
Accrued interest receivable		•	33
Total current assets		\$	30,649
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	31,700
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			2,320,774
Total noncurrent assets		\$	2,352,474
Total assets		\$	2,383,123
LIABILITIES	* -		
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables		\$	31,742
Total unrestricted current liabilities		\$	31,742
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Meter deposits		\$	38,125
Total liabilities		\$	69,867
Total Montees		9	07,007
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		\$	2,320,774
Restricted for customer deposits			38,125
Unassigned (deficit)			(45,643)
Total net position		\$	2,313,256
Tomi fee position		Ψ	2,010,200

#### STATEMENT H

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Operating revenues:			
Charges for services		\$	265,708
Operating expenses:			
Gas purchases		\$	19,935
Salaries			78,437
Material and supplies			21,445
Depreciation			149,584
Repairs			13,200
Miscellaneous			555
Truck and tractor expense			2,410
Utilities and telephone			19,303
Office supplies			6,075
Payroll taxes			5,093
Insurance			51,813
Provision for bad debts			3,019
Total operating expenses		\$	370,869
Operating (loss)		\$	(105,161)
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest income		\$	208
Total nonoperating revenues		\$	208
(I ass) hafaya twanafaya		\$	(104.052)
(Loss) before transfers		<u> </u>	(104,953)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers (out)		\$	(48,161)
Total transfers		\$	(48,161)
Change in net position		\$	(153,114)
Net position, beginning		-	2,466,370
Net position, ending		\$	2,313,256

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	255,692
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(132,296)
Cash payments to employees for services		(78,437)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	44,959
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Operating transfers (to) other funds	\$	(46,661)
Increase in consumer deposits	Ф	and the second s
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities	\$	2,373
iver cash (used) by horicapital inhalicing activities	<u> </u>	(44,288)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest income	\$	235
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	906
The Mercuse Mi cust and cust equivalents	Ψ	700
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1, 2012	_	35,752
Cook and sook assistants at Luna 20, 2012	ď	04 (50
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2013	<u> </u>	36,658
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$	(105,161)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities:	26	(/)
Depreciation		149,584
Changes in assets and liabilities:		5.
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(10,016)
Increase in accounts payable		10,552
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	44,959
receasi provided by operating activities	Ψ	11,707



#### INTRODUCTION

The Town of Clayton is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor.

- 1. The Town of Clayton, Louisiana was incorporated under provisions of the Lawrason Act as a Town in 1962.
- 2. The purpose of a municipality is to provide utility services, public safety, (police and fire), streets, sanitation, and general administrative services.
- 3. The Board of Aldermen consists of five elected members that are paid \$150 per month.
- 4. The Town of Clayton is located in the northeastern portion of Concordia Parish, Louisiana. Concordia Parish is located in northeastern Louisiana.
- 5. The population of Clayton is approximately 835.
- 6. The Town of Clayton has three full time employees and one part time employee.
- 7. The Town of Clayton has approximately 460 utility customers.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the municipality is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes, set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Public Works Fund accounts for sales tax funds for construction and maintaining roads and streets in the Town.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction projects funded by grants.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Utility Fund is used to account for the provision of gas and water utilities, as well as sewer services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal on-going operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### C. Deposits

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the Town's investment policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificates of deposit, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities.

#### D. Receivables and Revenues

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes and customer's utility receivables are recognized through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available, which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

The Town annually levies ad valorem taxes in accordance with state statute for the fiscal year ended June 30. Tax bills are prepared and delivered in October with payment due from the date of receipt to the last day of February. Because of the due dates noted previously, ad valorem taxes are not considered to be available resources of the fiscal year to which they apply and are, therefore, not accrued at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Concordia Parish.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, taxes of 3.51 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$1,350,390, after abatements and exemptions, and were dedicated as follows:

4,740

General corporate purposes 3.51 mills Total taxes levied

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Inventories

For both governmental and proprietary funds, purchase of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures or expenses at the time purchased, and inventories of such supplies (if any) are not recorded as assets at the close of the fiscal year. For the year ending June 30, 2013, these amounts were considered to be immaterial.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements and bond covenants. In situations where it is permissible to spend restricted resources, the Town typically depletes the available restricted resources before consuming unrestricted resources. Restricted assets were applicable to the following at June 30, 2013:

Utility fund:			
Customer deposits		\$	38,125
Governmental fund:			
Capital projects		\$	189
Road maintenance		e	199,159
	g.	\$	199,348
Total		\$	237,473

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives				
Governmental activities:					
Streets	20 years				
Buildings	40 years				
Vehicles	5 – 15 years				
Machinery and equipment	5 – 15 years				

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### G. Capital Assets (continued)

Description	Estimated Lives				
Business-type activities/Enterprise Fund:					
Buildings	25 years				
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years				
Machinery and equipment	10 - 20 years				
Vehicles	5 years				

#### H. Compensated Absences

Each full-time employee is credited with one day of vacation leave for each month worked. The employee's vacation leave will begin to accumulate upon finishing a six-month probation period. Employees are allowed five days of sick leave up until his or her first anniversary date arrives. After his or her first anniversary, the employee shall earn sick leave at the rate of ten days per anniversary date. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, the Town had no accrued compensated absences as of June 30, 2013.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### J. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as
  grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by
  enabling legislation;

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### J. Fund Equity (continued)

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using
  its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be
  used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or
  change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
  expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates
  the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The Board of Aldermen establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Aldermen through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the Town strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies.

#### K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents (book balances) at June 30, 2013:

			В	usiness			
	Gov	ernmental Funds		Type Funds	Total		
Demand deposits	\$	191,437	\$	5,766	\$	197,203	
Time deposits				30,892		30,892	
Total	\$	191,437	\$	36,658	\$	228,095	

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

At June 30, 2013, the primary government has \$239,882 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$239,882 of federal deposit insurance.

#### **NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES**

The following is a summary of receivables for June 30, 2013:

Class of Receivables		ernmental ctivities		ness-Type ctivities	Total		
Sales taxes	\$	10,655	\$	=	\$	10,655	
Federal grants		24,433		-		24,433	
Interest		865		33		33	
Utilities		194		41,658		41,658	
Less allowance for bad debts	2		*	(16,000)		(16,000)	
Total	\$	35,088	\$	25,691	\$	60,779	

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2012		8	Increase	Decrease		Balance 6/30/2013	
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	8,425	\$		\$		\$	8,425
Capital assets being								
depreciated								
Buildings	\$	154,175	\$	-	\$	-	\$	154,175
Streets		599,713		50,089				649,802
Equipment	10	372,062	/	225,991		<u> </u>	755	598,053
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	\$	1,125,950	\$	276,080	\$	= = =	\$	1,402,030
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(44,323)	\$	(3,438)	\$	_	\$	(47,761)
Streets	-	(140,008)		(32,073)	ST.	<u>_</u>	3	(172,081)
Equipment		(140,434)		(29,170)		_		(169,604)
Total accumulated	-	(110/101)		(=>/11.0)		-		(105/001)
depreciation	\$	(324,765)	\$	(64,681)	\$		\$	(389,446)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$	801,185	\$	211,399	\$	<u>=</u> -	\$	1,012,584
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	809,610	<u>\$</u>	211,399	\$		\$	1,021,009

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General governr	nent			\$	24	1,442	
Fire					10	),253	
Streets					29	9,986	
Total				\$	64	1,681	
	6	Balance 6/30/2012	Increase	Decrease		6	Balance 5/30/2013
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets being depreciated							
Equipment	\$	4,504,506	\$ 	\$		\$	4,504,506
Less accumulated depreciation for	or:						
Equipment	\$	(2,034,148)	\$ (149,584)	\$	-	\$	(2,183,732)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$	2,470,358	\$ (149,584)	\$	-	\$	2,320,774

#### NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

The Town of Clayton employees are all members of the social security system and are members of no other retirement plan. The expense of the social security is reflected in payroll taxes in the various statements of income.

#### NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to certain risks of losses such as property damage, liability issues, and other potential losses that may occur. The Town minimizes its losses by purchase of commercial insurance. The Town's exposure over the amount of insurance is considered to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 7 - COMPENSATION OF THE GOVERNING BOARD

The Governing Board of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana consists of a Mayor and five Aldermen. For the year ended June 30, 2013, their compensation was as follows:

Rydell Turner, Mayor	\$ 6,350
Shannon Madison	1,800
Lavon Barber	1,800
Leroy Kelly	1,800
Houston Holmes	1,800
Irene Jefferson	1,800
Total	\$ 15,350

### SECTION IV ADDITIONAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fir	riance With nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues		-	8	111	71			-0
Taxes	\$	65,200	\$	64,770	\$	72,593	\$	7,823
Licenses and permits		5,000		5,000		4,680		(320)
Fines		16,400		16,975		19,986		3,011
Interest		100		100		3		(97)
Miscellaneous		5,600	7	5,600	_	4,658		(942)
Total revenues	\$	92,300	\$	92,445	\$	101,920	\$	9,475
Expenditures								
General government	\$	21,024	\$	17,644	\$	60,292	\$	(42,648)
Public safety:								
Police		21,400		19,542		20,678		(1,136)
Fire		4,120		4,120		826		3,294
Street and sanitation	_	54,517		48,630		69,418		(20,788)
Total expenditures	\$	101,061	\$	89,936	\$	151,214	\$	(61,278)
(Deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	\$	(8,761)	\$	2,509	\$	(49,294)	\$	(51,803)
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfers in		11,000	-		-	(164,479)		(164,479)
Net changes in fund balances	\$	2,239	\$	2,509	\$	(213,773)	\$	(216,282)
Fund balance, beginning		234,203	(1	234,203		234,203	_	05
Fund balance, ending	\$	236,442	\$	236,712	\$	20,430	\$	(216,282)

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – PUBLIC WORKS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	ance With al Budget ositive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	60,650	\$	60,650	\$	68,414	\$	7,764
Total revenues	\$	60,650	\$	60,650	\$	68,414	\$	7,764
Expenditures								
General government	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	-	\$	3,500
Street and sanitation		99,911		99,911		32,156		67,755
Capital outlay	2	50,089		50,089	·	50,089		
Total expenditures	\$	153,500	\$	153,500	\$	82,245	\$	71,255
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(92,850)	\$	(92,850)	\$	(13,831)	\$	79,019
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfers in	-	215,875		215,875		212,640	-	(3,235)
Net changes in fund balances	\$	123,025	\$	123,025	\$	198,809	\$	75,784
Fund balance, beginning	-				_			
Fund balance, ending	\$	123,025	\$	123,025	\$	198,809	\$	75,784

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### 2. Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the Board of Aldermen. Amendments can be made on the approval of the Board of Aldermen. A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. There were no nonmajor funds.

#### 3. Budget/GAAP Basis Reconciliation

The differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

D. J. B.

The following schedule reconciles net change in fund balances on the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements:

		General Fund	Publi Work Fund	.S	Total
Net changes in fund balance – budget basis Increase (decrease)	\$	(213,773)	\$ 198	8,809 \$	(14,964)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		244		350	594
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		10,020			10,020
Net change in fund balance – GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	(203,509)	<u>\$ 196</u>	9,159 <u>\$</u>	(4,350)

#### SECTION V OTHER REPORTS



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Rydell Turner, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Clayton, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, recommendations, and corrective action plan, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings, recommendations, and corrective action plan to be material weaknesses. Those deficiencies are described as 2013-1, 2013-2 and 2013-6.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Clayton, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2013-3, 2013-4, and 2013-5.

The Town of Clayton, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings, recommendations, and corrective action plan. We did not audit the Town of Clayton, Louisiana's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should no be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Natchez, Mississippi

Silas Simmans, LLP

May 5, 2014

#### SECTION VI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Reports

#### Financial Statements:

1.	. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:	Unqualified
2.	. Internal control over financial reporting:	
	<ul><li>a. Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered</li></ul>	Yes
	to be material weaknesses?	No
3	Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements?	Yes

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Reference No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken (Yes, No, Partially)	Planned Corrective Action/Partial Corrective Action Taken
Section I – Interna	l Control and Compl	iance Material to the Financial Statements:		
2012-1	Years ago	Segregation of Duties We noted the Town of Clayton does not have adequate segregation of duties in the accounting department. Two people are responsible for collection, posting accounts receivable records, posting the cash receipts journals, posting the cash disbursement journals, posting the general ledgers, preparing deposits, opening bank statements, and	No	No plans.
		preparing bank reconcilements as well as writing and signing checks. In order to increase internal controls, the functions should be separated.		
2012-2	2010	Utility Cut-off Policy As of June 30, 2012, the Town of Clayton had 13 out of 563 utility customers receiving utility services in violation of the utility cut-off policy. These customers owed a total of \$3,109. Out of the 13 customers, 1 of them was 120 days past due and 5 of these 13 customers had not made any payments in over 90 days.	Partially	This finding continues and is reported as Finding 2013-2 in the June 30, 2013, audit.
		The utility cut-off policy requires the Town to terminate services to customers who have not paid by the 5 <sup>th</sup> day of the month following the month the bills were mailed.		

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Reference No. Section I Internal C	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred		Corrective Action Taken (Yes, No, Partially)	Planned Corrective Action/Partial Corrective Action Taken
2012-3	2011	Sales Tax Covenants Violations The Town of Clayton has a 1 ½% sales tax which the proceeds are to be used for construction, hard surfacing, improving, and/or maintaining public roads and streets. Incidental drainage may also be provided with these funds. The sales tax provided \$61,109 in revenues this year.	No	This finding continues and is reported as finding 2013-3 in the June 30, 2013, audit.
		During the year audited, the Town began using these funds for purposes that appear to be in violation of the purposes provided by the sales tax election. A total of \$98,236 was spent primarily for salaries related to cutting grass in ditches. None of the expenditure were for the primary purpose of the tax. The primary purpose is for construction, hard surfacing, improving, and/or maintaining public roads and streets.	s	
		The amount being spent at the present time for incidentals is far in excess of the revenue received each month. This rate of spending will reduce the funds accumulated over the past few year to \$0 in a short period of time unless this practice stops.	s	
2012-4	2012	Controls Over Financial Reporting The Louisiana Legislative Auditor issued an "Investigative Audit" (LLAAS) on November 7, 2012, detailing "improper personal fuel purchases by the Mayor." This report suggests Mayor Rydell Turne may have violated State law by using Town funds to purchase fuel for his personal use.	Yes er	This finding has been corrected.

#### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Reference No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken (Yes, No, Partially)	Planned Corrective Action/Partial Corrective Action Taken
Section I - Internal	Control and Compl	iance Material to the Financial Statements (continued):		
2012-5	2012	Late Filing of Audit Reports The Town is required to submit an audit of its financial statements to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor within six months of its fiscal year end. This June, 30, 2012, audit was due to be filed by December 31, 2012, however, the audit report was not complete until August, 2013.	No	This finding continues and is reported as finding 2013-4 in the June 30, 2013, audit.
Section II – Internal	Control and Comp	liance Material to Federal Awards:		
None				

Section III - Management Letter:

None

### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Ref. No.	Description of Finding	Town of Clayton Response	Anticipated <u>Completion Date</u>
Section 1 – Internal C	ontrol and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:		
2013-1	Segregation of Duties  We noted the Town of Clayton does not have adequate segregation of duties in the accounting department. Two people are responsible for collection, posting accounts receivable records, posting the cash receipts journals, posting the cash disbursement journals, posting the general ledgers, preparing deposits, opening bank statements, and preparing bank reconcilements as well as writing and signing checks. In order to increase internal controls, the functions should be separated.	No action planned.	None.
	Recommendation  We recommend the Town attempt to separate duties in order to strengthen internal control.		
2013-2	Utility Cut-off Policy As of June 30, 2013, the Town of Clayton had 10 out of 560 utility customers receiving utility services in violation of the utility cut-off policy. These customers owed a total of \$4,303. All 10 customers were 120 days past due.  The utility cut-off policy requires the Town to terminate services to customers who	Mayor will correct this finding.	6/30/2014
	have not paid by the 5 <sup>th</sup> day of the month following the month the bills were mailed.  Recommendation  We recommend that the Town comply with its utility cut-off policy in the future and cut off water and gas services to customers who do not pay within the time limit.		

### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Ref. No.	Description of Finding	Town of Clayton Response	Anticipated Completion Date
Section I – Interna	l Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements (continued):		
2013-3	Sales Tax Covenants Violations The Town of Clayton has a 1½% sales tax which the proceeds are to be used for construction, hard surfacing, improving, and/or maintaining public roads and streets. Incidental drainage may also be provided with these funds. The sales tax provided \$68,764 in revenue this year.	The Mayor says he is unclear what the restricted covenants are in respect to spending these funds and he plans to continue spending these funds until the ditches are cleaned up or when the funds are exhausted.	No plans.
	Beginning in 2011, funds were being spent for "cleaning of ditches." Since this project began, a total of \$208,715 has been spent for this purpose that we believe is probably in violation of the covenants of the sales tax proposition. During the year ended June 30, 2013, these expenditures totaled \$58,604 and as many as 9 people were employed for this purpose at one time.		
	The Town of Clayton's total land area is only 1.59 square miles.		
	Recommendation  We recommend that the Town cease spending dedicated funds for unauthorized purposes immediately.		
2013-4	Late Filing of Audit Reports  The Town is required to submit an audit of its financial statements to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor within six months of its fiscal year end.  This June 30, 2012, audit was due to be filed by December 31, 2012, however, the audit report was not complete until August, 2013.	The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen plan to assure that the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, audit is timely filed with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.	6/30/14
	Recommendation  We recommend that the Town provide information needed to the auditor in a timely manner to assure that all subsequent audits are filed with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor in a timely manner.		

### TOWN OF CLAYTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Ref. No.	Description of Finding	Town of Clayton Response	Anticipated Completion Date
Section I – Internal	Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements (continued):		
2013-5	Budget Law Violation  We noted that the Town had budgeted expenditures of \$89,936 and actual expenditures of \$151,214 in the general fund. This variance was 68% in excess of the budgeted amount. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires that expenditures be no more than 5% greater than the budgeted amount.	The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen will correct this violation.	6/30/2014
	Recommendation  We recommend the Town monitor its spending during the year and comply with the Louisiana budget law.		
2013-6	Cell Phone Usage The Town is paying the cell phone bill of a phone that is in the name of an employee. There is no documentation explaining the business purpose of the charges that are being paid by the Town.	The Mayor said that he will have the cell phone disconnected as soon as possible.	6/30/2014
	Recommendation  We recommend that all cell phone charges that are paid for by the Town be documented as to what Town business these charges pertain to. Also the cell phone should be changed so that it is in the name of the Town of Clayton and not in an employee's name.		
Section II – Interna	al Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards:		
None		N/A	N/A
Section III - Mana	gement Letter:		
None		N/A	N/A